

CAUTION!

Important information for the consumer. Please keep these instructions for future use.

Care instructions

Dear Customer,

Congratulations on having chosen this new fitted kitchen. This high-quality kitchen furniture has been manufactured on state-of-the-art production lines by a company certified in accordance with the global quality standard DIN EN 9001. So that your kitchen continues to give pleasure for many years, please take note of the following information in daily use.

Care of the kitchen furniture

Water and steam are present everywhere in the kitchen and can change the furniture with lasting effect. For this reason, ensure that water does not form puddles and is not allowed to dry on the surface. Splashes and spillages should be wiped off immediately.

If water vapour condenses on the surface of the furniture, wipe the droplets away immediately with a dry cloth.

As a general rule, please do not use a steam cleaner to clean your kitchen furniture. The steam reaches temperatures of up to 120 °C and can cause irreparable damage to the fronts. It can even cause the foil to peel off the backing material. Coffee machines, water kettles, toasters and other steam or heat-producing appliances should not be placed directly under wall units when in operation, as there is no direct outlet for steam and heat.

Solid wood and veneered surfaces are protected by a layer of lacquer. Soiling - for instance due to foods - should not be allowed to dry on and must be removed straight away. Always wipe the surface parallel to the grain so that the dirt can be wiped out of the pores.

Differences in colour and texture are possible, for wood is a natural material. These differences are beyond our control.

Wood should not be exposed to either extremely damp or extremely dry air. It may warp or crack if exposed to major fluctuations. Ideal conditions would be 60% relative humidity and 20 °C room temperature.

Exposure to light may change the wood surface. To prevent differences in colour, the fronts should be exposed to the light uniformly.

Laminate surfaces have a highly resistant coating. Soiling should be removed at once.

Use a cloth and warm water containing a mild detergent (e.g. Pril, Fairy Liquid, Palmolive or similar products). Then wipe the surface dry. White spirit or naphtha can be used in stubborn cases. Polishes must not be used as they contain unsuitable solvents or colour additives which may corrode or destroy the surface.

High-gloss fronts

The front is covered with a high-gloss laminate foil which is characterized by being very easy and pleasant to clean because the surface is completely closed. Unlike the case with matt surfaces, adhering dirt can be thoroughly and easily removed without applying undue force and mostly without using chemical agents.

We recommend that the protective film remain on the fronts until installation and initial cleaning are complete, and then to proceed as described in these instructions.

Please do not touch the surface for min. 12 hours. Do not clean the fronts immediately. The paint needs this time to cure completely. Please note that the fronts must not be cleaned when dry.

The use of materials which are not completely clean, as well as abrasive materials (microfibre cloths, abrasive sponges, etc.) may result in the formation of considerable scratches and does not constitute cause for complaint.

The normal fine scratches seen in sunlight and halogen light are attributable to the high-gloss effect. These do not diminish the furniture's utility value; as with all high-gloss surfaces, for instance on cars, glasses or other furniture surfaces, these cannot be avoided in the long term.

It is therefore essential that you use a clean, dust-free, moist window leather or cotton cloth to clean and subsequently dry the surface.

If mineral or - worse still - metallic dust is picked up when cleaning, the cloths used

must be permanently rinsed so that the dust particles cannot mark the high-gloss surface.

Any stains, particularly from strongly coloured substances and liquids should be washed away as soon as possible, using a copious amount of water, possibly adding commercially available, non-scouring household cleaners.

Stains should not be allowed to dry on. Stains, including fat splashes and grease deposits can be removed with a warm and light soft soap solution.

When using regular household cleaners, do not use any artificially coloured cleaners in undiluted or concentrated form, as the colouring agents used can also leave residues.



Caution!

The following must not be used:

- Sharp abrasive materials (can cause scratches)
- Coloured cleaners, in undiluted or concentrated form
- Solvents (nitro or synthetic resin dilutions, turpentine)
- Furniture polish
- Hard plastic sponges

The appearance of the worktop surface may change due to exposure to hot pots and pans.

For this reason, please always use a pan stand. Do not cut anything directly on the worktop, as this may leave marks despite the material's high resistance to scratching.

Care of moving parts

Hinges are lubricated by the manufacturer. Apply a little sewing machine oil to the turning points once per year.

Care of the sink

The sink is exposed to a multitude of influences in everyday use. Daily care can help to prevent the surface becoming unsightly.

In the case of a stainless steel sink, it is normally sufficient to wipe the surface with a dry cloth.

More extensive soiling can additionally be removed with a brush or sponge. Scale deposits are best removed with hot vinegar solution. Use a commercially available stainless steel cleaner to polish the sink (e.g. Sidol, Stahlfix or similar products).

Stainless steel sinks made of chrome nickel steel cannot corrode. Any rust stains observed are due to rust particles entrained in the water or to a rust film which can be removed with the aforementioned cleaning agents.

Enamelled sinks are extremely delicate, as enamel is a vitreous coating. The enamel may shatter if struck or if heavy objects are dropped. Residues of cleaning agent and dirt may accumulate in the microscopic cracks formed. Fruit juices can cause stains as a result of prolonged exposure.

This can only be prevented by rinsing immediately.

If a **dishwasher** is installed in your kitchen, do not open the machine as soon as the programme comes to an end. The escaping hot steam stresses the furniture extremely and may cause the wooden parts to swell. In all cases, make sure that the vapour protection supplied with the machine is fitted under the worktop.

Care procedures for **electrical appliances** are described in the appliance manufacturer's instruction manual and care instructions. If problems arise, it is best to contact the appliance manufacturer's local customer service representative directly.

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General safety advice

Kitchen assembly / installation

Due to the safety requirements imposed, kitchens may only be assembled and installed by correspondingly trained personnel. Installation of the kitchen furniture must be based on the installation manual.

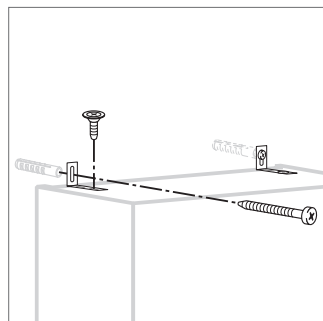
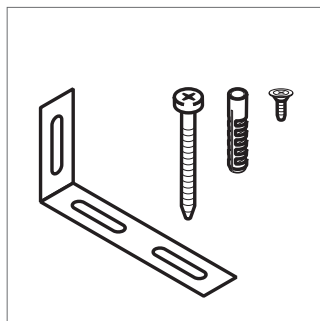
We cannot accept any liability for damage and losses due to installation by inadequately trained personnel. The routing of water, gas and electricity lines must be noted without fail when drilling holes during installation work. Electrical and gas appliances, as well as water supplies, must be installed and connected by correspondingly qualified personnel taking into account the applicable regional safety regulations in each case. The appliance manufacturers' installation instructions must also be observed without fail.

Wall units and furniture parts with attachment to the wall

The nature of the wall (or ceiling) must always be taken into account when attaching wall units and furniture parts to the wall (or ceiling). Appropriate mounting hardware must be used in each case; lightweight or cavity walls, for example, require the use of special mounting hardware which can be obtained from specialist retailers. The pull-out strength of the hardware (including the nature of the wall / ceiling) must be checked accordingly during installation to prevent the dowels being pulled out under load. Safe wall attachment of the wall units / furniture parts is part of the installation work and not the responsibility of the manufacturer.

Anti-tilt device / Wall attachment

Tall units, pull-out larder units and 3-D units, base units with deep drawers and wall units with unsupported sides must always be attached to the wall (bracket to prevent tilting). Refer to the current installation instructions for details.



Anti-tilt devices

Pull-out larder units
3-D units
Tall units
Highboard units
Unsupported wall units



Note: Units which are not secured may tip over or fall down.

Load-bearing capacity of shelves / glass shelves and unit panels: 50 kg/m²

Load-bearing capacity 50 kg/plinth foot (including weight of unit)

System load-bearing capacity incl. net weight: (carcase depth 560 mm)

Drawer/deep drawer/internal drawer: 30 kg

Deep drawer > 600 mm: 50 kg

Pull-out larder units: load-bearing capacity incl. net weight 100 kg

LeMans: load-bearing capacity 25 kg per shelf

Base unit with corner carousel: load-bearing capacity 20 kg per shelf

Failure to follow care instructions will invalidate your warranty.

We hope your kitchen continues to give you great pleasure.